Multi-mode survey response process for a complex economic survey

Lessons Learned from the Evolution of the Business R&D and Innovation Survey's User Interface

"We have an app for that"

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Overview

- Business R&D and Innovation Survey (BRDIS) Background
- BRDIS A challenging survey to complete
- What we learned from respondents
- What we did to facilitate the response process
- BRDIS Reporting Trends
- Future Considerations



Background on BRDIS

- Primary federal source of information on the R&D activity of businesses in the U.S.
- Conducted under a joint partnership agreement between the U.S. Census Bureau and the National Science Foundation (NSF)
- Fielded as a full scale pilot in 2008
 - ➤ Replaced the Survey of Industrial R&D (SIRD)
 - ➤ Mailed to ~ 40,000 U.S. based companies
 - > Survey collected under Title 13 authority
 - Response is required by law
 - ➤ Response is confidential by law



BRDIS Population & Reporting Unit

- Target population: All for-profit companies with U.S. operations that are classified in non-farm industries and have 5 or more U.S. employees
- Reporting unit is the addressed company (not establishment)
 - Companies report data for all foreign and domestic subsidiaries where the company has majority ownership





BRDIS Challenges



- Survey content expanded significantly from the SIRD
 - ➤ Data Items increased from 342 in 2007 to 717 in 2008
 - ➤ The 2007 RD-1 form was 17 pages The 2008 BRDI-1 form was 56 pages. The 2007 RD-1A form was 7 pages The 2008 BRDI-1A was 28 pages
 - ➤ Content was expanded into more non-accounting areas (R&D Management and Strategy, Patent information, IP protection questions, Technology Transfer questions, expanded HR detail questions and Innovation questions)
 - ➤ Not all content applies to every company





BRDIS Challenges



- R&D is a highly concentrated activity in the U.S.
- Very diverse organizational structures Varying degrees of data access
- Survey burden for these companies dramatically increased from 2007 to 2008
- Most respondents must coordinate the response process and/or consolidate data from different divisions or business units



Lessons Learned

- Data requested located in different places within the companies
- Respondents were scanning the form to create PDF version that could be emailed to colleagues
- Respondents were programming spreadsheets versions that could be emailed to colleagues
 - * Format did not include the relevant instructions that are on the questionnaire
- Some respondents needed to consolidate the information to compile a company report





"We have an app for that"



- Designed the questionnaire to be a color coded sectional booklet
- Created PDF versions of each questionnaire and made them available on our web site
- Programmed Excel Spreadsheets of each individual section and made them available on our web site
- Programmed a consolidator spreadsheet and made it available on our web site





Internet Reporting



Lessons Learned

- Most respondents prefer to use the web instrument
- Respondents were using paper/excel/PDF formats to gather data within the organization
- Respondents were then entering the data from the various formats into the web instrument



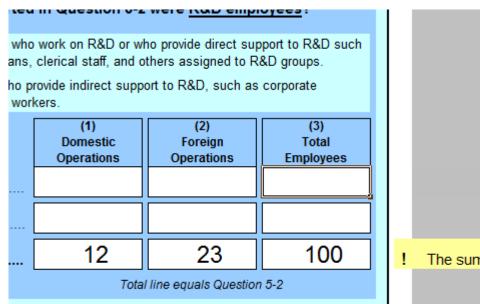


Paper vs. Excel

5-2	How many of the employees reported in Question 5 your company's domestic operations and foreign of	5-2	company's <u>domestic</u> operations and <u>foreign</u> operations? Domestic operations employees include all employees whose payrol			
	Domestic operations employees include all employees who Form 941, Employer's Quarterly Tax Return.					
	(1) Domestic Operations Employees		IRS Form 941, Employer's Quarterly Tax Reti	(1) Domestic Operations	Oį	
	Union manufacture and the Constitute 5 2 man		Employees			
5-3	How many employees reported in Question 5-2 wer					
	R&D employees include all employees who work on R&D or R&D such as researchers, R&D managers, technicians, clerical R&D groups. R&D employees exclude employees who provide indirect su personnel, security guards, and cafeteria workers.		How many of the employees reported	l in Question 5-2	were	
			R&D employees include all employees who as researchers, R&D managers, technicians,			
			R&D employees exclude employees who p	rovide indirect suppo		
	(1)		personnel, security guards, and cafeteria wor	kers.		
	Domestic Operations			(1) Domestic		
	a. R&D employees			Operations	O	
			a. R&D employees			
	b. All other employees		b. All other employees			



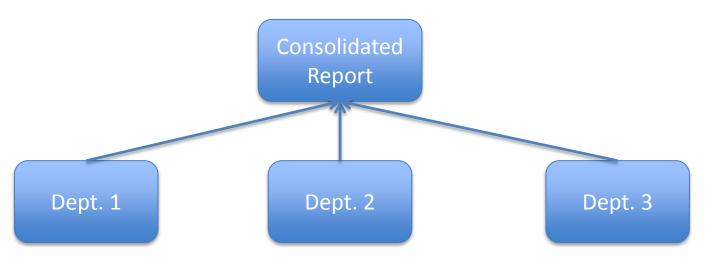
Excel Error Checking



The sum of column 1 and column 2 does not equal column 3.



Consolidator Tool



Excel Consolidator

This spreadsheet uses a visual basic macro to consolidate data from multiple workbooks. It is designed to be used by companies that have more than one completed section workbook for any survey section. In order for the consolidator to work properly, you must allow macros to run when opening this file. Further instructions are listed in the "FileInput" sheet of this file.

NOTE: This consolidator does not check for errors or illogical values. We suggest you check the resulting consolidated figures carefully to verify that the results are correct.

Excel Consolidator [XLS] (Last updated April 6, 2011)





"We have an app for that"



- Programmed an upload capability for the 2009 BRDIS
 - > System populates the answers if proper excel format is used



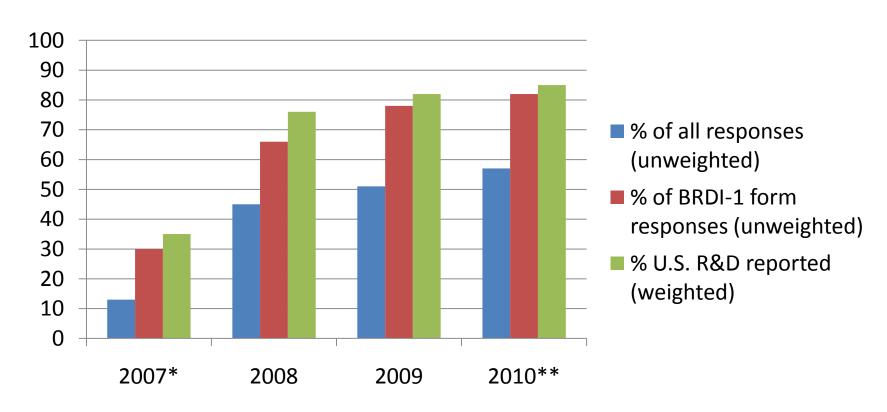


Use of Excel Tools for reporting the 2010 BRDIS

- The 2010 BRDIS sample was ~ 43,000 companies
 - ➤ We mailed ~ 2,600 BRDI-1 forms
- The R&D Expense section was downloaded a total of 2,374 times with 1,402 of those from the BRDI-1 form
 - > Consolidator was downloaded 543 times
- Respondents complemented the spreadsheets during post survey interviews



BRDIS Internet reporting trends



- * The 2007 SIRD electronic instrument was not web based
- ** The 2010 data are preliminary at this point



Web Survey = Fewer Observed Reporting Errors

- Fewer balancing errors from online reports
- Fewer "path-related" errors from online reports (skip patterns are automated)
- Online reports are more "complete" than paper reports (significantly less imputed data from online reports)



Testing the Impact of Web Reporting

- Generalized Ordered Regression Model (Adua and Sharp 2010) (Hough, Keller, Wilkinson, Curcio 2011)
- Dependent variable coded at three levels
 - \triangleright Level 1 = no imputation
 - \triangleright Level 2 = < 15% of data items imputed
 - \triangleright Level 3 = > 15% of data items imputed
- Web reporters were more than 3X more likely to have zero imputations than paper



Future Considerations

- 2011 Long form (BRDI-1) respondents will be directed to report on line. No form in initial mailing.
- Explore ways to integrate more context-based instructions, edits, and guidance into the web survey and electronic tools
 - As noted earlier, not all content applies to all respondents (industry-specific items, foreign-owned companies, govt. contractors, etc.)



Contact Information

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Testing the Impact of Web Reporting Regression Results

N = 1,092,819 (23,782)

	Estimate	Std Error	Prob > ChiSq	Log Odds
Intercept[1]	-6.46	0.0207	<.0001	
Intercept[2]	3.49	0.0070	<.0001	
Web Reporter	1.28	0.0161	<.0001	0.2788
Account Manager Company	1.05	0.2218	<.0001	0.3489
Manufacturing	-0.19	0.0193	<.0001	1.215
Funded R&D	-2.34	0.0285	<.0001	10.405
Outsourced R&D	-0.89	0.0329	<.0001	2.4269
Company reports to the ACES	0.26	0.072	0.0003	0.7708
Public Owned Companies	-0.26	0.1060	0.0141	1.2970
Foreign Owned Companies	-0.65	0.0983	<.0001	1.9070



Use of Excel Tools for reporting the 2010 BRDIS

Total Downloads	All Form Types	BRDI - 1
Section 1	4,010	2,342
Section 2	2,374	1,402
Section 3	1,573	862
Section 4	1,536	843
Section 5	1,550	849
Section 6	1,575	850
Section 7	1,509	803
Consolidator	543	
Total	14,670	7,951

